



**CAN**

**CLIMATE ACTION NETWORK**

**South East Asia**

# JIRE Launch, Jakarta

- Tuesday, 19 February 2019
- Hotel Sari Pacific
- SHIFT SEA initiative



Supported by:



Federal Ministry for the  
Environment, Nature Conservation,  
and Nuclear Safety

based on a decision of the German Bundestag

# Agenda

- Role of CAN and CANSEA in providing support to YMH and JIRE

# Introduction to CAN

- Founded in 1989 in response to the process of drafting a new convention on climate change
- Advocating for government and individual action to limit human-induced climate change to ecologically sustainable levels

# Vision

*A world striving actively towards and achieving the **protection of the global climate** in a manner, which promotes equity and social justice between peoples, sustainable development of all communities, and protection of the global environment.*

# Mission

*To support and empower civil society organisations to influence the **design and development of an effective global strategy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions** and ensure its implementation at international, national and local levels in the promotion of equity and sustainable development*

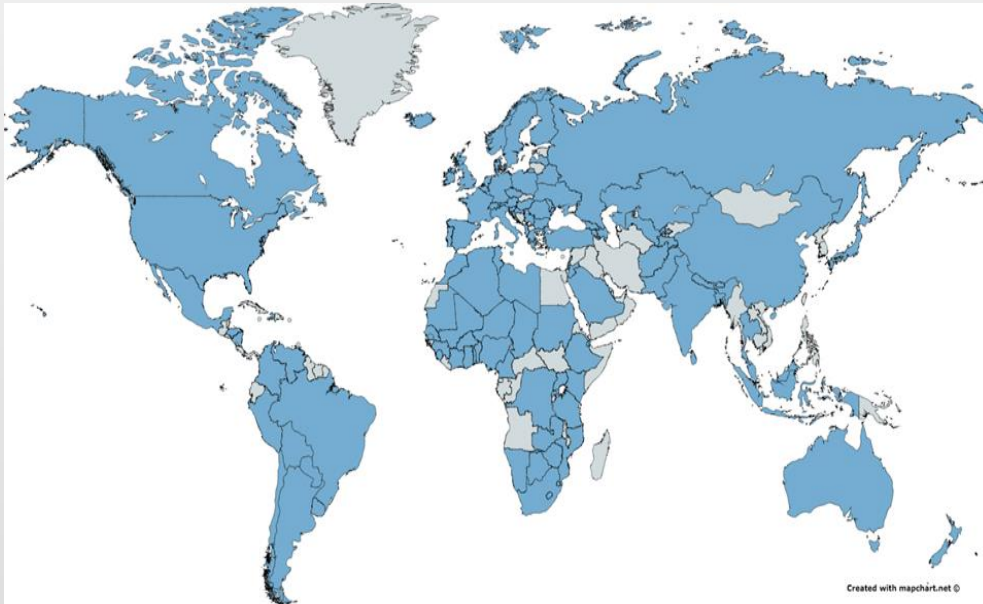
# Goal

*Staying below 1.5°C global temperature increase, by achieving the **just transition to 100% renewable energy, and phasing out fossil fuel emissions by 2050**; while ensuring adequate resilience to climate impacts all through the process.*

# CLIMATE ACTION NETWORK (CAN)

## International

The Climate Action Network (CAN) is a worldwide **network of over 1,200 Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in more than 120 countries**, working to promote government and individual action to limit human-induced climate change to ecologically sustainable levels.



### CAN Networks

#### *Regional*

Eastern Africa  
Eastern Europe, Caucasus  
& Central Asia  
Europe  
Latin America  
Arab World  
Pacific Islands  
South Asia  
Southern African Region  
**South East Asia**  
West & Central Africa

#### *National*

Australia  
Canada  
China  
France  
Japan  
New Zealand  
South Africa  
Tanzania  
Uganda  
U.S.A.

# How CAN Works

- Knowledge and information sharing
- Coordination
- Collaboration

# Areas of Work

## Policy and advocacy

Creating joint policy statements, coordinating civil society inputs around the UNFCCC process and thematic areas and providing specific policy support at the national and regional level



# Areas of Work

## Campaign Coordination

Coordinating international and national campaigns to start the shift to low carbon development and to move towards 100% RE.



# Areas of work

## Movement-building

Strengthening the climate movement and building global, national and local momentum for action on climate change.



# Areas of work

# Communications

Coordinating, supporting and amplifying the membership's and the movement's key messages.

## Study reveals 100% renewable energy in Chile can save 1500 lives a year

Submitted by MRaven on September 1, 2015 - 9:37am

 assessing the achieved and missed benefits of chile.pdf

**Chile's Citizens' Committee on Climate Change labels government plans for climate action insufficient.**

**Tuesday, September 1, 2015 – Santiago, Chile:** A new study has been launched by the Chilean Citizens' Committee on Climate Change showing that by switching to 100% renewable energy by 2050 the country could: avoid spending \$5.3 billion a year on fossil fuels, save 1,500 lives a year due to reduced air-pollution in Santiago alone, and create 11,000 green jobs.



## Science &amp; Environment

## Islamic call on rich countries to end fossil fuel use

By Matt McGrath  
Environment correspondent, BBC News



## First Week Wrap Up

ACR is pleased that parties finally managed to agree on several key issues. Inaugural host Mexico will be the first country to host a full-scale climate summit in a country opposed to developing countries' demands for a legally binding agreement. Mexico's position is a welcome sign that the United States is not alone in opposing a legally binding agreement. The United States has been the only country to oppose a legally binding agreement. The United States has been the only country to oppose a legally binding agreement. The United States has been the only country to oppose a legally binding agreement.

On migration, some issues may look technical but are in fact political. For example, the workshop suggests focusing on the following three areas: (1) the need to develop a common language and assumptions; (2) the need to develop a common perspective on the challenges and solutions; and (3) the need to develop a common policy for dealing. ECO assumes parties may have different perspectives on the same issue, but the workshop is not intended to resolve this. It is, however, an opportunity for parties to discuss their perspectives and to develop a common language and assumptions. This is a key objective of the workshop. The workshop is also an opportunity for parties to discuss their perspectives on the challenges and solutions, and to develop a common perspective on the challenges and solutions. This is a key objective of the workshop. The workshop is also an opportunity for parties to discuss their perspectives on the challenges and solutions, and to develop a common perspective on the challenges and solutions. This is a key objective of the workshop.

### Increasing Ambitions

ECO is sure that negotiators noticed that Australia is the only developed country that has to submit NAMA. If it was a gap for increasing ambition, then ECO could have said, "did you, did you not?" But it was not a country that is committed to a pathetic unconditional target that is nowhere near a target that would be consistent with what there is hope. Australia has also suggested for the gap to be recognized and ambition to be increased. But ECO is not sure that Australia is taking its own pledge when it comes to finding out who will do what to close the 5-12 gigawatt gap. While it is not clear that Australia is doing more in more areas where Australia and other developed countries can focus on for now. In Saturday's meeting, ECO said that it was not clear that discussions should focus on ideas for a workable programme. Also, the aim of such a workable programme is to get the gap closed. The gap that results from the lack of ambition to at least avoid the worst impacts of climate change is deep.

ECO 1 previously suggested that the first logical step would be to get clarity on developed countries' net domestic emissions in 2020 resulting from the Kyoto target. Despite the fact that Annex I commitments mainly mean, ECO 2 noted that, on a related matter, the United States does not want even to discuss common accounting rules for net emissions. The United States continued attempts to dress-up its low pledge as a compromise to the EU's.

At the first meeting, however, in the working programme, would be to once-and-for-all close the loopholes, such as losses LULUCF projections, or rules to keep hot air inside the system. Thirdly, ECO 2 noted that the EU would like to see the developed countries with conditional upper limits and pledges to clarify (a) what part of the conditions has been met so far, and (b) what is needed to fulfil the rest of the conditions. ECO 2 noted that the EU would find these talks much easier if the EU's clarification would be made in a way that allows an objective assessment of these conditions, so that the EU could then hold the developed countries to their pledges. Finally climate-friendly readers will agree that a work programme that's worth the work would result in 3) recognizing the size of the

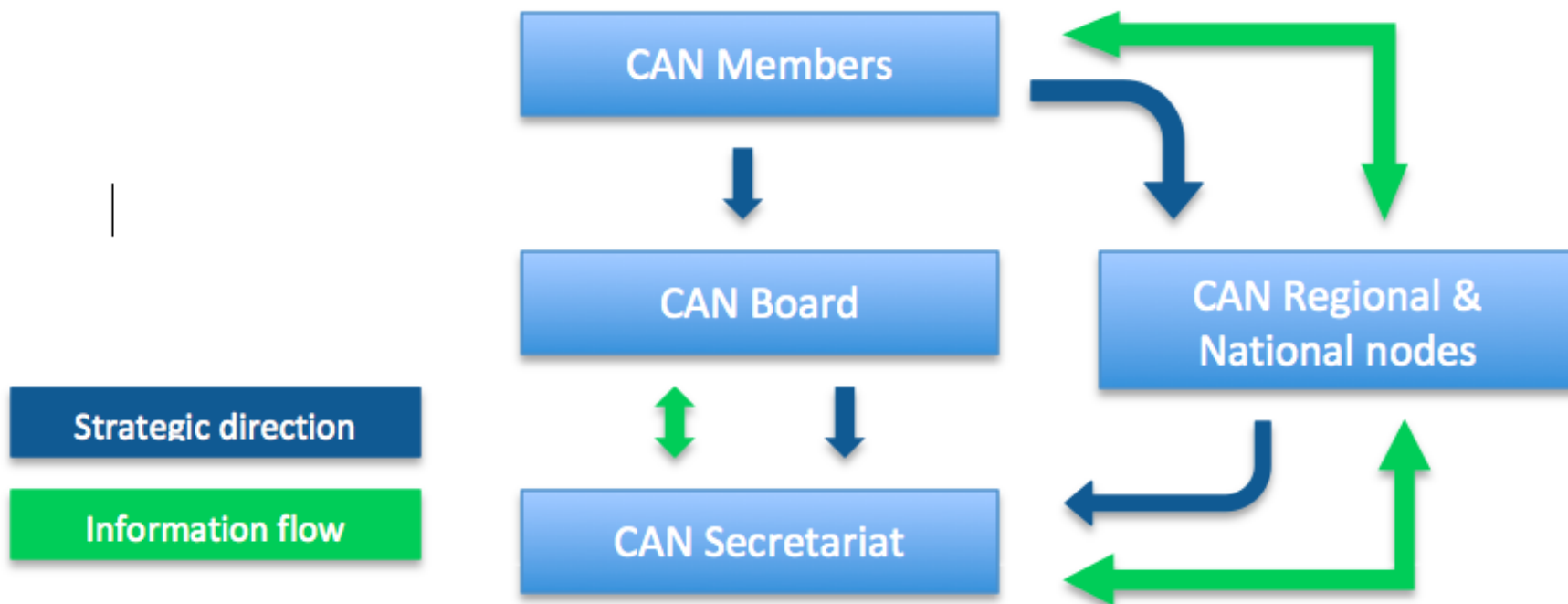
# Areas of Work

## Network development & Capacity building

Strengthening & broadening the network, and building capacity to ensure contributions and representation reflect the diversity of the network for the future of the movement and people have the skills to advocate for their messages more effectively



# Process of Consultation



# Policy Working Groups

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- The Working Groups lead in developing specific CAN policy positions.
- All CAN members are welcome to join the email lists and contribute to the discussions.

<u>Adaptation &amp; Loss and Damage</u>	<u>Finance</u>	<u>Mitigation</u>	<u>LULUCF/REDD</u>
<u>Agriculture</u>	<u>Flex Mechs</u>	<u>MRV</u>	<u>Technology</u>
<u>Bunkers</u>	<u>Legal Issues</u>	<u>Science Review</u>	
<u>Equity/Effort Sharing</u>	<b>Long-term Decarbonisation Strategies</b>	Short-Lived Climate Pollutants	

# Regional & National Nodes

- Organised geographically through its regional and national nodes
  - Nodes are independent and autonomous (while complying with CAN Charter) and **work to raise national and regional voices**

# Working with Partners

- **Multi-stakeholder approach**
  - Formation of a broad and diverse climate movement steered by organisations at the national and regional level to avoid harmful climate change
  - Dedicated to working with a wide range of like-minded partners and other stakeholders (who may not be entitled to become members)



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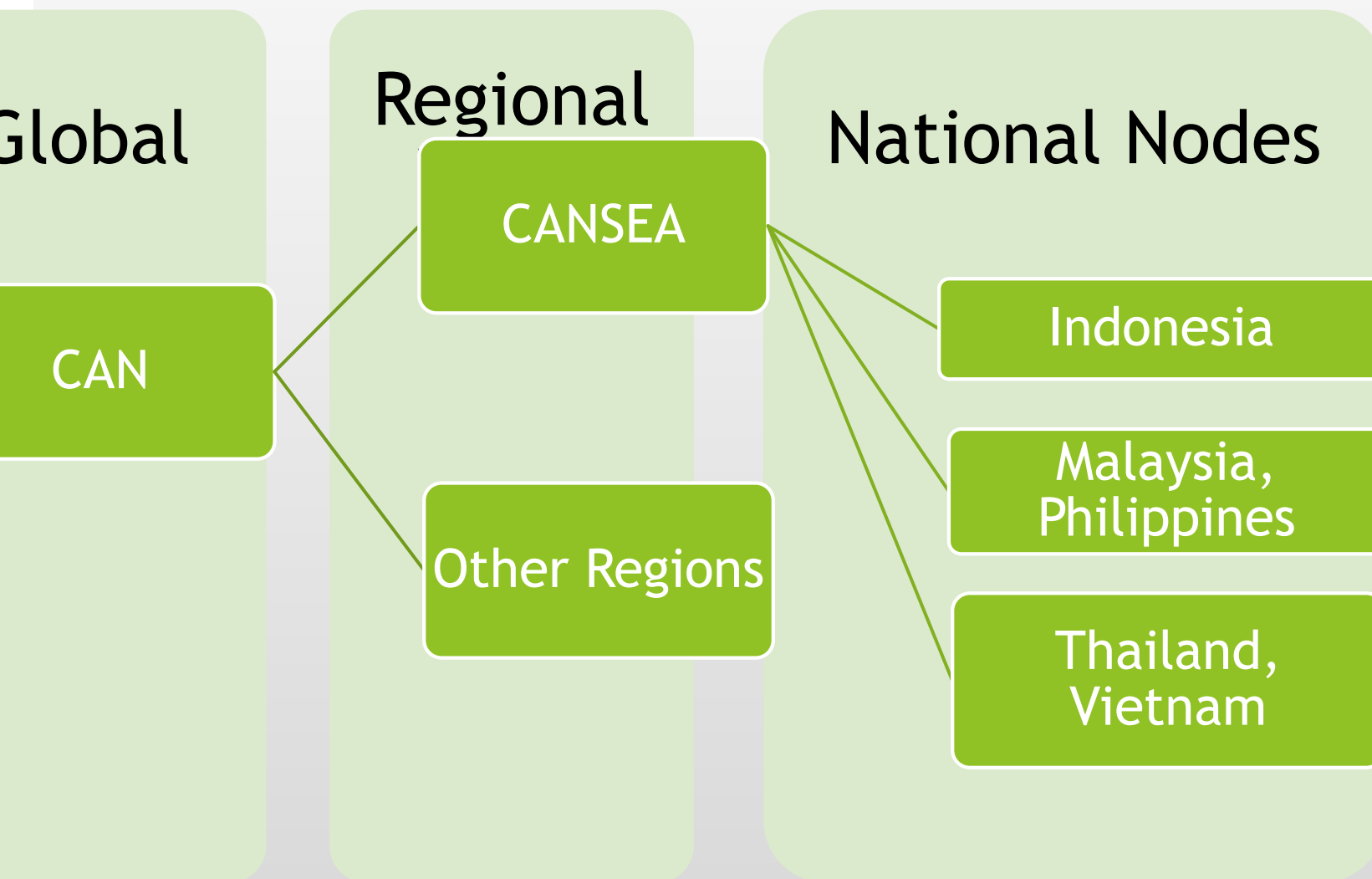
**South East Asia**

# CANSEA

- Formed in 1991
- Guided by Steering Committee
- Links member organisation at national level to regional and global issues, and vice versa

# CLIMATE ACTION NETWORK SOUTH-EAST ASIA

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# SHIFT SEA



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# Members in Indonesia

- IESR
- WWF-Indonesia
- Climate Reality Project, Indonesia
- Yayasan Mitra Hijau

Opportunities for expansion and  
collaboration at national level

# Opportunities for Collaboration

- International fora – UNFCCC, etc.
- Finance – IFIs (SHIFT SEA)
- **Development strategies and Decarbonisation**
- 100% Renewable Energy
- Movement Strengthening & Support
  - All developments can feed into JIRE –

# The Way Forward

- Expanding number of member organisations and countries covered
- Conducting research on ASEAN countries policies on climate change and compliance with Paris Agreement
- Collaborating across ASEAN – an important region
- Engaging with ASEAN negotiators at COPs

# The Way Forward

- Sharing YMH's experience in creating JIRE with CANSEA members
- Providing support to YMH through resources of CANSEA and CAN network
- Monitoring developments with JIRE



Thank you for your attention.